FIRST REGULAR SESSION HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 1220

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

2599H.02C

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D. ADAM CRUMBLISS, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal section 571.070, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof two new sections relating to unlawful possession of a firearm.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Section 571.070, RSMo, is repealed and two new sections enacted in lieu 2 thereof, to be known as sections 571.070 and 571.073, to read as follows:

571.070. 1. A person commits the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm if such 2 person knowingly has any firearm in his or her possession and:

3 (1) Such person has been convicted of a felony under the laws of this state, or of a crime 4 under the laws of any state or of the United States which, if committed within this state, would 5 be a felony; or

6 (2) Such person is a fugitive from justice, is habitually in an intoxicated or drugged 7 condition, or is currently adjudged mentally incompetent.

- 2. Unlawful possession of a firearm is a class C felony.
- 9 3. The provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to:
- 10 (1) The possession of an antique firearm; or
 - (2) A person who has been granted relief under section 571.073.

571.073. 1. A person who is prohibited from possessing a firearm under subsection

2 1 of section 571.070 may file a petition to have his or her right to possess a firearm

- 3 reinstated. If the underlying offense was committed in this state, the petition shall be filed
- 4 in the circuit court in the county where the offense occurred. If the underlying offense was
- 5 from another state or the federal government, the petition shall be filed in the circuit court
- 6 in the county where the petitioner resides.

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

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7 2. A petitioner shall give notice of the petition to the prosecuting attorney or circuit 8 attorney of the county in which the petition is filed. The prosecuting attorney or circuit 9 attorney may present evidence or testimony to the circuit court where the petition is filed 10 pertaining to petitioner's reinstatement of rights.

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3. The court shall grant relief under the petition if the court, after a hearing, makes 12 findings upon proof of clear and convincing evidence that:

13 (1) Ten years or more have passed since the petitioner was discharged from 14 confinement, parole, or probation, whichever occurred later, and has not subsequently 15 been arrested;

16 (2) The petitioner has not been found guilty at any other time of a felony under the laws of this state, or of a crime under the laws of any state or of the United States which, 17 18 if committed within this state, would be a felony;

19 (3) The petitioner is not the respondent of an ex parte order of protection or a full 20 order of protection;

21 (4) The petitioner has not been found guilty of a dangerous felony under section 22 556.061;

23 (5) The petitioner is not required to register as a sexual offender;

24 (6) The petitioner is not violent; and

25 (7) The petitioner does not present a threat to public safety.

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